

"AN INJURY TO ONE IS AN INJURY TO ALL"

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SEATTLE, WASH., JANUARY 14, 1922.

PICKETERS STICK DESPITE CONSTANT FIRING BY MILITIA

Newport, Ky.—Four companies of the Kentucky National Guard, made up of 160 men, fully armed, have been sent here by Governor Morrow. The troops were requested by the Andrews Steel Company, which is part of the steel trust and whose employes have been on strike for some time. City officials flatly refused to request the troops when the company appealed to them, but an appeal to the governor, was successful.

Despite the machine guns placed at the plant and the constant firing indulged in by the guards, the pickets of the strikers have remained on the job. Blockhouses coated with sheet iron have been erected by the union men to ward off the stray bullets.

Strikebreakers from Cincinnati, just across the river, have been taken into the plant by auto.

COURT MAY LOOSE HOWAT AND DORCHY

Declare Constitutional Rights Violated by Imprisonment of Union Leaders.

[By The Federated Press.]

Kansas City, Kan.—The release of Howat and Dorchy from their Columbus cell this coming week will depend on Federal Judge John C. Pollock's interpretation of the Fourteenth Amendment of the U. S. Constitution.

This much he made clear in his chambers today where Howat's attorneys were arguing for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that several provisions of the constitution guaranteeing freedom had been violated by the anti-strike law of Governor Allen.

Pollock brushed aside all constitutional citations except that part of the 14th Amendment which says:

CONQUERING HAITI DECLARED DISGRACE

Ancient Republic Held of Arms Against Will Consent of Native

[By The Federated Press.]

New York.—"A disgrace to the States," is the preliminary report of the Senatorial Commission declaring that the conquest of Haiti by the United States must be kept in Haiti. The commission's report is expected to be issued by the Haiti-Santo Domingo Independence Society, 20 Vesey Street.

"Issued immediately following the conference with Secretary Hughes," the commission continues, "it justifies the part of American public policy which was carried out by force of arms of the United States against the people of Haiti. It endorses the policy of using violence to overthrow the government of Haiti."